HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024



HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Hopkins Hill Fire District Coventry, Rhode Island

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hopkins Hill Fire District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hopkins Hill Fire District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit:	Type of Opinion:
Governmental Activities	Qualified
General Fund	Unmodified

Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions" section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Activities of the Hopkins Hill Fire District as of August 31, , and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on the General Fund

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the respective financial position of each major fund of the Hopkins Hill Fire District as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hopkins Hill Fire District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, requires the net pension asset and/or liability and various components related to the net pension asset and/or liability be reported utilizing a measurement date which is no earlier than the end of the prior fiscal year. However, Hopkins Hill Fire District participates in the retirement plans administered by the State of Rhode Island and as

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such, the measurement date utilized by the plan was June 30, 2023 which is a date earlier than Hopkins Hill Fire District's prior fiscal year end. The amount by which this departure would affect the net pension assets, deferred outflow of resources, net pension liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, and expenses of the Governmental Activities has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Hopkins Hill Fire District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Hopkins Hill Fire District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Hopkins Hill Fire District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the budgetary comparison information on pages 31-33 and required schedules related to pension plans on pages 34-37, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hopkins Hill Fire District's financial statements as a whole. The schedule of property taxes on page 38 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of property taxes is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2025, on our consideration of the Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WADDVICK + COMPANY

West Warwick, Rhode Island February 3, 2025

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2024

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	879,581
Taxes receivable, net		95,414
Interest and penalties receivable, net		56,858
Accounts receivable		57,199
Intergovernmental grant receivable		72,885
Rescue billing receivable, net		102,020
Other receivables		3,722
Prepaid expenses		31,911
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	. <u> </u>	1,299,590
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		641,583
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	. <u> </u>	641,583
TOTAL ASSETS		1,941,173
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans		454,589
TOTAL DEFFERED OUTFLOWS		454,589
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		27,938
Accrued interest		17,300
Current portion of long-term debt		143,504
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		188,742
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Net pension liability		20,840
Long-term debt obligations, net		547,887
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		568,727
TOTAL LIABILITIES		757,469
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans		423,593
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		423,593
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		101,742
Restricted		124,391
Unrestricted		988,567
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	1,214,700

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
<u>FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:</u> GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Expenses		Charges for Services, Fees & Licenses		Gr	perating ants and atributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Public safety-fire protection & rescue Interest on long-term debt TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ \$	2,065,982 22,281 2,088,263	\$ \$	1,080,986 - 1,080,986	\$ \$	86,559 - 86,559	\$ \$		\$	(898,437) (22,281) (920,718)

GENERAL REVENUES

GENERAL REVENCES	
Property taxes including interest on taxes	1,138,671
Tax sale receipts	4,374
Gain on sale of trailer	3,000
Unrestricted investment earnings	27,418
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	1,173,463
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	252,745
NET POSITION - September 1, 2023	961,955
NET POSITION - August 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,214,700</u>

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2024

	G 	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DISPATCH FUND	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	345,026	\$	443,056	\$	91,499	\$	879,581
Taxes receivable, net		95,414		-		-		95,414
Interest and penalties receivable, net		56,858		-		-		56,858
Accounts receivable		20,311		-		36,888		57,199
Intergovernmental grant receivable		72,885		-		-		72,885
Rescue billing receivable, net		-		102,020		-		102,020
Other receivables		3,722		-		-		3,722
Due from other funds		3,996		35,559		-		39,555
Prepaid expenses		31,739		-		172		31,911
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	629,951	\$	580,635	\$	128,559	\$	1,339,145
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	23,489	\$	4,449	\$	-	\$	27,938
Due to other funds		35,559			_	3,996		39,555
TOTAL LIABILITIES		59,048		4,449		3,996		67,493
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		46,148		-		-		46,148
Unavailable revenues - interest and penalties		56,858		-		-		56,858
Unavailable revenues - rescue billings		-		102,020		-		102,020
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			-	,			-	
RESOURCES		103,006		102,020				205,026
FUND BALANCES								
Non-spendable		31,739		_		172		31,911
Restricted		-		-		124,391		124,391
Assigned		-		474,166		-		474,166
Unassigned		436,158		-		-		436,158
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		467,897		474,166		124,563		1,066,626
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TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	629,951	\$	580,635	\$	128,559	\$	1,339,145

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2024

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$ 1,066,626
Capital assets used in governmental activities which are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund balance sheet.	641,583
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	(691,391)
Unavailable tax revenues (net of an allowance for uncollectibles) recorded in the funds, but not reported under the measurement focus in the Statement of Net Position.	46,148
Unavailable interest and penalties revenues (net of an allowance for uncollectibles) recorded in the funds but not reported under the measurement focus in the Statement of Net Position.	56,858
Unavailable rescue billing revenue (net of an allowance for uncollectibles) recorded in the funds but not reported under the measurement focus in the Statement of Net Position.	102,020
Accrued interest expense on long-term obligations not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds. This liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position	(17,300)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension plans are reported in the Statement of Net Position but are not reported on the Fund Statements.	 10,156
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,214,700

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	G	GENERAL FUND	PF	CAPITAL ROJECTS FUND	SPATCH FUND	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	1,098,861	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,098,861
Interest on taxes		27,685		-	-		27,685
Tax sale receipts		4,374		-	-		4,374
Intergovernmental grant income		86,559		-	-		86,559
Contract services		283,731		-	474,450		758,181
Fire rescue claims		120,000		245,489	-		365,489
Investment income		19,630		7,788	-		27,418
TOTAL REVENUES		1,640,840		253,277	 474,450		2,368,567
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Salaries and wages		872,110		-	273,367		1,145,477
Employment taxes and fringes		319,347		-	131,606		450,953
District officers		45,099		-	-		45,099
Fire department operations		7,550		-	-		7,550
Fuel		22,421		-	-		22,421
Apparatus repairs and maintenance		73,686		-	-		73,686
Dispatch operation		-		-	7,589		7,589
Rescue operations and supplies		15,934		26,843	-		42,777
Hydrant rental		45,310		-	-		45,310
Street lighting		17,745		-	-		17,745
Grant expenses		24,296		-	-		24,296
Telephone/internet/cable TV		2,855		-	500		3,355
Occupancy		29,250		-	-		29,250
Insurance		57,546		-	-		57,546
Tax collector's expenses		4,695		-	-		4,695
Tax sale expenses		5,922		-	-		5,922
Audit and legal expense		12,875		3,981	-		16,856
Office expense		6,546		-	-		6,546
Small equipment		9,605		-	-		9,605
Miscellaneous		6,159		-	-		6,159
Debt Service:		•,-•,					0,227
Principal		-		56,233	-		56,233
Interest		-		24,081	-		24,081
Capital:				,			,
UTV and trailer		46,545					46,545
Turnout gear		4,068		-	-		4,068
DECON equipment		4,008 9,085		-	-		4,008 9,085
Rescue equipment		12,285		-	-		12,285
* *				-	 412.0(2		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,650,934		111,138	 413,062		2,175,134
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures before							
other financing sources (uses)		(10,094)		142,139	 61,388		193,433
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		15,304		_	_		15,304
Transfers out		-		-	(15,304)		(15,304)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		15,304			 (15,304)	_	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		15,504			 (13,304)		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5,210		142,139	46,084		193,433
FUND BALANCES - September 1, 2023		462,687		332,027	 78,479		873,193
FUND BALANCES - August 31, 2024	\$	467,897	<u>\$</u>	474,166	\$ 124,563	\$	1,066,626

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	193,433
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays for the year ended August 31, 2024.		(65,224)
Gain on disposition of capital assets reported as revenue in the Governemnt-Wide Statement of Activities. However, this gain has no effect on the Fund level statements.		3,000
Governmental funds report principal repayments on debt obligations as an expenditure. However, the repayment of principal has no effect on changes in net position.		56,233
Governmental funds do not report estimated accrued interest on long-term debt as a liability in the Fund Financial Statements if they are not going to be paid with current available resources. This liability is reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. This adjustment reflects the decrease in accrued interest on long-term obligations from August 31, 2023 to August 31, 2024.		1,800
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Unavailable tax revenue decreased from fiscal 2023.		(6,143)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Unavailable interest and penalty revenue increased from fiscal 2023.		18,268
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Unavailable rescue billing revenue decreased from fiscal 2023.		(42,684)
Increase in compensated absences. The governmental fund reflects this activity when it will will be paid with measurable and available resources. The change from prior year balances is reflected in the statement of activities and changes in net position.		(498)
Changes in net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans, and deferred inflows related to pension plans results in an increase or decrease to the pension expense reported in the statement of activities. For fiscal 2024, the effect of these adjustments resulted in a decrease in the pension expense reported in the Statement of Activities.	_	94,560
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	\$	252,745

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Hopkins Hill Fire District (the District) was organized by the Rhode Island General Assembly and approved by the electorate in 1955 to meet the fire needs in Coventry, Rhode Island. The Fire District provides fire protection, hazmat, and rescue services throughout the District. The District also provides fire protection and hazmat services to other local commercial entities under separate contracts.

The District complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61. Under GASB Statement No. 61, a legally separate entity is required to be included as a component unit if it is fiscally dependent upon the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship present. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A potential component unit has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- b. The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- c. The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

There were no entities which met the criteria noted above.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. The statement distinguishes between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. Currently, the District has no business-type activities. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, receivables, and payables.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual, government fund, or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual, governmental fund or enterprise funds are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Funds</u> – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are committed or restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than that debt service or capital projects.

MAJOR AND NONMAJOR FUNDS

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor as follows:

Major Funds:	General:	See above for description.
	Capital Projects Fund:	See above for description.
	Special Revenue Fund:	Dispatch fund

Nonmajor Funds: None

MEASUREMENT FOCUS

On the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of the income and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate. Only current financial assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds are using fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided and operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are generally considered short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the purchase date.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, intergovernmental grant receivables, interest and penalties on delinquent property taxes, accounts receivable for services provided and fire rescue fees.

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property taxes and interest and penalties on delinquent property taxes. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are considered unearned in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trend and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. At August 31, 2024, the District has estimated the allowance for taxes receivable to be \$17,600, the allowance for interest and penalties receivable to be \$10,900, the allowance for rescue billings to be \$580,000, and the allowance for miscellaneous receivables to be \$44.

INVENTORIES

For governmental fund types, disbursements for inventory-type items are not recorded as assets but have been recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items were purchased.

PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid items are accounted for under the allocation method whereby a prepaid asset is established at the date of payment and subsequently amortized over the accounting periods expected to benefit from the initial payment.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-lived assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Infrastructure, such as streets and drainage systems, are capitalized. The capitalization threshold of the District is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life in excess of one year.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by the type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	7 - 39
Vehicles	5 - 20
Fire equipment	5 - 20
Furniture and equipment	5 - 15

Fund Financial Statements – In the fund financial statements, long-lived assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon retirement, termination or death, certain employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at their current rates of pay. The amount recorded is the unused days earned at the current rate of pay. For governmental activities, the general fund is used to satisfy this liability as it becomes due. Compensated absences are recorded as a long-term liability in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as they are not due and payable in the current period. Accordingly, these liabilities are not included in the fund financial statements.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable by the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – consists of net position with constraints placed on them either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, laws, or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

<u>Fund Statements</u> – Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, fund balance is classified as one of the following five categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. These categories are defined below:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed in the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The highest level of decision-making authority for the Hopkins Hill Fire District is the taxpayers that assemble annually to vote on the District's budget and resolutions proposed by the Chief and Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself of (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension plans are reported in the Statement of Net Position but are not reported on the Fund Statements." The details of this \$10,156 adjustment are as follows:

	20101	red Outflows Resources	s Deferred Inflows Net Pension of Resources Liability				 Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	291,035	\$	274,637	\$	-	\$ 16,398
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and		23,127		76,227		-	(53,100)
and actual earnings		-		72,729		-	(72,729)
Net pension liability Pension contributions after the		-		-		20,840	(20,840)
measurement date		140,427		-		-	 140,427
NET ADJUSTMENT	\$	454,589	\$	423,593	\$	20,840	\$ 10,156

EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the Government-Wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this (\$62,224) difference are as follows:

Fund expenditures capitalized for reporting	\$ 62,630
in Government-Wide Statements	
Depreciation expense	 (124,854)
NET ADJUSTMENT	\$ (62,224)

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024 the District implemented the following new accounting pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 99 – Omnibus 2022

GASB Statement No. 100 - Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

The following are recently issued governmental accounting standards which will be applicable in future years:

GASB Statement No. 101 – Compensated Absences, effective for fiscal year ending August 31, 2025

GASB Statement No. 102 – Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for fiscal year ending August 31, 2025

GASB Statement No. 103 – Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for fiscal year ending August 31, 2026

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statements has not been determined.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events through February 3, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There are no material subsequent events requiring disclosure.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY PROCESS

ADOPTION

Budgets are adopted in accordance with District charter requirements. It is the responsibility of the Board of Directors to submit a proposed budget to the members of the District at the August board meeting. A public hearing is conducted on the recommended budget and the final recommended budget is legally enacted through a vote of the District residents at the Annual District Meeting held in September. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as either committed or assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. The District had no encumbrances outstanding at August 31, 2024.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The State of Rhode Island requires that certain uninsured deposits be collateralized. Section 35-10.1-7 of the General Laws of the State of Rhode Island, dealing with the collateralization of public deposits, requires that all time deposits with maturities of greater than 60 days and all deposits in institutions that do not meet the minimum capital requirements of its Federal regulator must be collateralized.

A. Deposits

At August 31, 2024, the District's carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents was \$879,581 and the bank balance was \$893,651.

B. Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District did not maintain any investments at August 31, 2024 or during the year then ended.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

At August 31, 2024, the District's deposits were held at one financial institution. The District attempts to minimize its concentration of credit risk by depositing and investing funds with multiple institutions and investing in government obligations. The District's deposits are maintained in highly rated financial institutions whose ratings are reviewed on a periodic basis. At August 31, 2024, \$250,000 of the District's bank balance was covered by the financial institutions under federal depository insurance and \$643,651 was covered by a collateralization agreement.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk in the case of deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The state of Rhode Island requires that certain uninsured deposits bye collateralized. Section 35-10.1-7 of the General Laws of the State of Rhode Island, dealing with the collateralization of public deposits, requires that all time deposits with maturities of greater than 60 days and all deposits in institutions that do not meet the minimum capital requirements of tis federal regulator must be collateralized. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk but is governed by State laws as described above.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2024, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Dispatch Fund		 Total
Receivables:							
Taxes	\$	113,014	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 113,014
Interest & penalties		67,758		-		-	67,758
Accounts receivable		20,311		-		36,888	57,199
Intergovernmental grant		72,885		-		-	72,885
Rescue billing		-		682,020		-	682,020
Other receivables		3,766		-		-	 3,766
GROSS RECEIVABLES		277,734		682,020		36,888	996,642
Less: Allowances for							
uncollectible accounts		(28,544)		(580,000)		-	 (608,544)
NET RECEIVABLES	\$	249,190	\$	102,020	\$	36,888	\$ 388,098

All real estate in the District is taxed to the owners according to the last valuation made by the Tax Assessor of the Town of Coventry. The tax rate established for the year ended August 31, 2024 was \$1.95 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation on residential and personal property and \$2.93 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation on commercial property. The District does assess a \$10 minimum tax. The taxable value of property with an assessment date of December 31, 2022 was \$502,161,187.

Taxes are levied after the adoption of the annual budget (second Monday in September) and are payable and due by October 31st. Taxpayers are also given the option to make quarterly payments due October 31st, January 31st, April 30th, and July 31st. All unpaid taxes levied become delinquent on November 1st of the current year and are subject to interest at an annual rate of 18%. Total assessments for the year ended August 31, 2024 was \$1,080,356.

The District is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with enabling State legislation. The District recognizes property tax revenues in accordance with Section P70, "Property Taxes" of the <u>Codification of Government Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> <u>Standards.</u> Unpaid property taxes as of August 31, 2024 are recorded as a receivable. Those net property taxes receivable which were not collected within 60 days immediately following August 31, 2024 are reported as deferred inflow of resources and amounted to \$46,148. Property taxes recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024 due to their collection in the 60 days following August 31, 2024 totaled \$49,267.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance September 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements & Disposals	Balance August 31, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 20,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 20,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	20,000			20,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and building improvements	362,161	-	-	362,161
Apparatus and vehicles	2,225,379	-	-	2,225,379
Equipment	993,761	62,630		1,056,391
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,581,301	62,630		3,643,931
Total capital assets	3,601,301	62,630	<u> </u>	3,663,931
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and building improvements	(246,504)	(9,992)	-	(256,496)
Apparatus and vehicles	(1,796,198)	(94,126)	_	(1,890,324)
Equipment	(854,792)	(20,736)		(875,528)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,897,494)	(124,854)		(3,022,348)
Net capital assets	\$ 703,807	<u>\$ (62,224)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 641,583

Depreciation expense charged to public safety was \$124,854 for the year ended August 31, 2024.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Liability Activity

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2024 was as follows:

	 Balance nber 1, 2023	Additions Retirements			Balance August 31, 2024		Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities:									
Long-term debt:									
Lease purchase obligation	\$ 596,074	\$	-	\$	(56,233)	\$	539,841	\$	58,504
Compensated absences	151,052		498		-		151,550		85,000
TOTAL	\$ 747,126	\$	498	\$	(56,233)	\$	691,391	\$	143,504

Lease Purchase Obligation

Lease purchase obligation at August 31, 2024 are comprised of the following:

	Interest	Interest	Issued/Maturity	Original	Balance
	Rate	Date	Date	Issue	August 31, 2024
Governmental Activies: Lease purchase obligation	4.040%	11/18	11/18/18 - 11/18/31	\$ 800,000	\$ 539,841

Debt Service Requirements

Presented below is a summary of debt service requirements, including interest, to maturity by years:

		Governmen			
	No	tes from Dir	ect Bo	orrowings	
		and Direct	Place	ments	
Year Ending August 31,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2025	\$	58,504	\$	21,810	\$ 80,314
2026		60,868		19,446	80,314
2027		63,327		16,987	80,314
2028		65,885		14,429	80,314
2029		68,547		11,767	80,314
2030 - 2032		222,710		18,232	 240,942
	\$	539,841	\$	102,671	\$ 642,512

Interest expense paid on long-term debt obligations and reported in the governmental fund expenditures of the Capital Projects Fund was \$24,081 for the year ended August 31, 2024.

NOTE 7 – FUND BALANCE

As stated in Note 1, Fund Balance may be classified as one of five categories: Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. Committed Fund Balance represents that amount of fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Hopkins Hill Fire District's taxpayers are considered to be the highest level of decision making authority. In accordance with the District Charter, the taxpayers vote on the annual budget and on any resolutions proposed by the Board of Directors. The passage of the District's annual budget and proposed resolutions may result in the commitment of fund balance.

Non-spendable Fund Balance at August 31, 2024 totaled \$31,911 and represented amounts which have been prepaid on insurance policies and inventory supplies for future fiscal years.

Restricted Fund Balance at August 31, 2024 totaled \$129,126. This represents funds used exclusively in the operations for the Coventry Dispatch.

Assigned Fund Balance represents the amount of fund balance which has been constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The assignment of fund balance is determined by actions of the Board of Directors rather than the actions of the District taxpayers. The ability to assign fund balance is granted to the Board of Directors by the District taxpayers. At August 31, 2024, the District had \$470,380 of assigned fund balance relating to the District's capital outlays.

The Hopkins Hill Fire District does not currently have a spending policy regarding the order in which restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are spent when more than one amount is available for the expenditures incurred. Accordingly, by default the District is following the policy prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54 which specifies that fund balance is reduced first by committed, then by assigned, then by unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any unrestricted fund balance could be used. In all situations, the District considers restricted fund balance to be used first when available and when expenditures are incurred that meet the requirements of the restricted fund balance.

NOTE 8 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. As of August 31, 2024, the District has estimated the reserve for any potential losses to be immaterial and therefore has not recorded any liability in the financial statements.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at http://www.ersri.org.

Benefit Provisions

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable Final Average Compensation (FAC) will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. For members retiring after July 1, 2024, retiree benefit amounts are based on the average three consecutive years of compensation. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

General employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after August 31, 2012 in (a) above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and Fire employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the

benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after August 31, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

Cost of living adjustments are provided to retirees based on statutory provisions (Section 36-10-35 of the Rhode Island General Laws). For members and/or beneficiaries of members who retired on or before June 30, 2012, cost of living adjustments are computed annually. For members retiring on or after July 1, 2012, twenty-five percent (or 1/4th) of the cost of living adjustment is computed annually until the plan

reaches a 75% funded status. The full benefit adjustment is reinstated for all members upon the plan reaching the 75% funded status.

a. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%

b. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$27,608 for 2021, \$27,901 for 2022 and \$28,878 for 2023.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2023 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees & Beneficiaries	6
Inactive, Nonretired members	1
Active members	14
Total	21

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. Hopkins Hill Fire District contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The District contributes \$100,396 in the year ended June 30, 2023 which was 10.39% of annual covered payroll of \$966,272.

Net Pension (Asset) Liability

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Although the District has a fiscal year of August 31, the MERS Plan administered by the State of Rhode Island have been valued as of June 30th. Because the information as of August 31st is not available, the District has included the valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 as provided by the State of Rhode Island for the MERS Plan since this is the most recent information available.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability at the June 30, 2023 measurement date (June 30, 2022 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2023)						
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.					
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll - Closed					
Actuarial Assumptions						
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%					
Projected Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.25% to 7.25%; Police & Rescue Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%					
Inflation	2.50%					
	Mortality - variants of the PUB (10) Tables for Healthy and Disabled Retirees, projected					
Mortality	with Scale Ultimate MP16.					
Cost of Living Adjustments	All future COLAs were assumed to be 2.1% per annum for all MERS units with the					

The actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2023 measurement date were based on the 2023 Actuarial Experience Investigation Study for the six-year period ended June 30, 2022 as approved by the System's Board on May 17, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 42 sources. The June 30, 2023 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global Equity		
US Equity	25.10%	6.46%
International Developed Equity	10.70%	6.91%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.20%	8.92%
Subtotal	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	12.50%	10.30%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.50%	5.01%
Subtotal	15.00%	
INCOME		
Equity Options	2.00%	6.20%
Liquid Credit	5.00%	4.56%
Private Credit	3.00%	4.56%
CLO's	2.00%	4.56%
Subtotal	12.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	5.00%	0.76%
Systematic Trend	5.00%	4.07%
Subtotal	10.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	4.00%	5.01%
Private Infrastructure	4.00%	5.91%
Subtotal	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Corp Credit	3.25%	2.46%
Securitized Credit	3.25%	2.46%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.07%
Cash	2.00%	0.76%
Subtotal	15.00%	
Total	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the N	let Pen	sion (Asset) Li				
			Increa	se (Decrease)		
	То	tal Pension	Plaı	n Fiduciary	Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	
		Liability	Ne	et Position		
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	5,100,079	\$	4,836,661	\$	263,418
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		186,780		-		186,780
Interest on the total pension liability		359,446		-		359,446
Differences between expected & actual experience		(167,567)		-		(167,567)
Employer contributions		-		100,396		(100,396)
Employee contributions		-		96,627		(96,627)
Net investment income		-		423,283		(423,283)
Change of assumptions		(5,487)		-		(5,487)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(117,040)		(117,040)		-
Administrative expense		-	_	(4,556)		4,556
Net changes		256,132		498,710		(242,578)
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	5,356,211	\$	5,335,371	\$	20,840

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension (asset) liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

1.00% Decrease			rrent Discount Rate	1.00% Increase			
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
\$	513,824	\$	20,840	\$	(426,929)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial reports.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended August 31, 2024 the District recognized pension expense of \$117,807. The District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					Ne	t Deferred
	Ι	Deferred	Ι	Deferred	Outflows/	
	Ou	tflows of	In	flows of	(Inflows) of	
	R	esources	Resources		Resources	
Contributions subsequent to						
measurement date	\$	140,427	\$	-	\$	140,427
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		291,035		274,637		16,398
Assumption changes		23,127		76,227		(53,100)
Net difference between projected						
and actual earnings		-		72,729		(72,729)
Total	\$	454,589	\$	423,593	\$	30,996

Deferred outflows of resources related to 2023 contributions to pension plans subsequent to the measurement date (June 30, 2022 where applicable) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources (excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Net Deferred
Ending	Inflows of
August 31,	Resources
2024	\$ (47,823)
2025	(44,299)
2026	(67,179)
2027	112,079
2028	38,795
Thereafter	64,425
Total	<u>\$ 55,998</u>

Amounts noted above and reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources at August 31, 2024 will be recognized as a component of pension expense over the following periods of time:

- Closed 5 year period beginning in the current period for the deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.
- All other deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension plans as described above are amortized over a closed period of time equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (includes active and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

NOTE 10 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute 1% to 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on years of service. If an employee has over 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, the employee and employer do not participate in the defined benefit plan. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The District recognized pension expense of \$35,374 for the year ended August 31, 2024.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the System. The report can be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has received grants from various federal and state agencies for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. District officials are of the opinion that such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS (Unaudited) For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Original & inal Budget	Actual	with I	Yariance Final Budget Ye (Negative)
<u>REVENUES</u>	 			
Property tax collections	\$ 1,074,019	\$ 1,098,861	\$	24,842
Interest on taxes	25,000	27,685		2,685
Tax sale receipts	-	4,374		4,374
Intergovernmental grant income	-	86,559		86,559
Contract services	283,731	283,731		-
Investment income	-	19,630		19,630
Fire rescue fees	 120,000	 120,000		-
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,502,750	 1,640,840		138,090
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Insurance	57,000	57,546		(546)
Legal	500	-		500
Office supplies	3,000	3,794		(794)
Street lighting	21,000	17,745		3,255
Hydrant rental	46,000	45,310		690
Financial audit	16,000	12,875		3,125
Advertising	500	-		500
Information tech	2,500	1,416		1,084
Tax collector	-	4,695		(4,695)
Tax sale expenses	-	5,922		(5,922)
Total District Administration	 146,500	 149,303		(2,803)
Chairperson	1,100	1,100		-
Head tax assessor	1,000	1,000		-
Vice chairperson	1,000	1,000		-
Member at large	1,000	1,000		-
Clerk	8,000	8,000		-
Treasurer	8,000	8,000		-
Tax collector	17,500	17,499		1
Deputy chief	2,500	2,500		-
Chief engineer	1,000	1,000		-
Captains and lieutenants	 4,000	 4,000		-
Total District Officer Compensation	 45,100	 45,099		1
Base salaries	745,000	731,822		13,178
Payroll taxes	21,000	20,773		227
Pension payments	118,000	113,508		4,492
Medical plan	180,000	175,066		4,934
Full-time fill-ins	80,000	106,467		(26,467)
Part-time shifts	-	5,539		(5,539)
Holiday pay	31,000	28,282		2,718
Uniform allowance	10,000	10,000		-
Medical testing	 1,500	 		1,500
Total Employee Payroll	 1,186,500	 1,191,457		(4,957)
	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 ·		

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Electric	8,000	9,070	(1,070)
Natural gas	8,000	8,333	(333)
Phone/Cable/Internet	3,400	2,855	545
Domestic water	1,000	487	513
Equipment maintenance contracts	1,000	579	421
Station upkeep	4,000	10,781	(6,781)
Total Station Operation	25,400	32,105	(6,705)
Diesel & gasoline	23,000	22,421	579
Maintenance & repairs	35,000	73,686	(38,686)
Total Fire Apparatus Operation	58,000	96,107	(38,107)
Rescue supplies	6,000	7,632	(1,632)
Oxygen refill	2,000	2,049	(49)
Equipment maintenance contracts	1,500	2,247	(747)
Cellular phone	4,000	4,006	(6)
Medical director	3,000		3,000
Total Rescue Operation	16,500	15,934	566
Miscellaneous small tools	1,000	129	871
Badges & ID's	1,000	-	1,000
Petty cash	200	200	-
Educational	3,500	1,596	1,904
Fire chief's convention	550	550	-
Office supplies	2,000	1,336	664
Fire alarm maintenance	6,000	5,075	925
Grant expenditures Total Fire Department Operations	- 14,250	<u>96,279</u> 105,165	<u>(96,279)</u> (90,915)
		100,100	(50,515)
New equipment	5,000	6,978	(1,978)
Capital purchases	2,500	2,627	(127)
Miscellaneous	3,000	6,159	(3,159)
Total Other	10,500	15,764	(5,264)
Total Expenditures	1,502,750	1,650,934	(148,184)
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (10,094)</u>	<u>\$ (10,094)</u>

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION August 31, 2024

BUDGETARY TO GAAP BASIS RECONCILIATION

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents a comparison of the legally adopted budget (more fully described in Notes to Financial Statements – Note 2) with actual data on a budgetary basis. Because accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, a reconciliation of resultant basis, entity and timing differences in excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources over expenditures and other uses of financial resources for the year ended August 31, 2024 is presented below:

	 neral Fund - AAP Basis
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources General Fund - GAAP Basis Transfers from Dispatch Fund for payroll	\$ 1,652,148 (11,308)
Total Revenues - Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,640,840
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund - GAAP Basis	\$ 1,650,934
Total Expenditures - Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,650,934
Change in Fund Balance - General Fund - GAAP Basis Transfers from Dispatch Fund for payroll	\$ 1,214 (11,308)
Excess of Expenditures over Revenues - Budgetary Basis	\$ (10,094)

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION PLANS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS

(Unaudited)

August 31, 2024

		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General
		Employees		Employees		Employees		Employees		Employees		Employees		Employees		mployees		mployees		Imployees
	Aug	gust 31, 2023	Aug	gust 31, 2022	Αι	ugust 31, 2021	Aug	gust 31, 2020	Au	gust 31, 2019	Au	1gust 31, 2018	Aug	gust 31, 2017	Aug	gust 31, 2016	Aug	ust 31, 2015	Aug	ust 31, 2014
A. Total pension liability																				
1. Service Cost	\$	186,780	\$	180,827	\$	170,694	\$	189,147	\$	184,929	\$	172,741	\$	151,727	\$	143,253	\$	140,317	\$	133,751
2. Interest on the total pension liability		359,446		306,979		287,554		277,074		249,183		242,948		214,573		196,981		166,668		148,791
3. Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		65,410		-
4. Difference between expected and actual experience																				
of the total pension liability		(167,567)		378,750		(79,676)		(76,600)		6,295		(296,938)		88,930		(75,638)		56,901		-
5. Changes of assumptions		(5,487)		-		-		(159,877)		-		-		179,941		-		-		(26,600)
6. Benefit payments, including refunds or employee contributions		(117,040)		(122,963)		(89,317)		(52,278)		(35,858)		(35,710)		(36,210)		(32,343)		(20,832)	-	(20,897)
7. Net change in total pension liability		256,132		743,593		289,255		177,466		404,549		83,041		598,961		232,253		408,464		235,045
8. Total pension liability – beginning		5,100,079		4,356,486		4,067,231		3,889,765		3,485,216		3,402,175		2,803,214		2,570,961		2,162,497		1,927,452
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	5,356,211	\$	5,100,079	\$	4,356,486	\$	4,067,231	\$	3,889,765	\$	3,485,216	\$	3,402,175	\$	2,803,214	\$	2,570,961	\$	2,162,497
B. Plan fiduciary net position																				
1. Contributions – employer	\$	100,396	\$	145,364	\$	155,227	\$	122,152	\$	100,957	\$	89,082	\$	93,353	\$	99,324	\$	95,203	\$	81,247
2. Contributions – employee		96,627		92,353		92,618		85,990		78,995		74,297		72,876		70,789		56,838		54,816
3. Net investment income (loss)		423,283		(135,432)		1,051,574		133,465		206,097		223,103		294,398		(863)		53,055		277,270
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(117,040)		(122,963)		(89,317)		(52,278)		(35,858)		(35,710)		(36,210)		(32,343)		(20,832)		(20,897)
5. Pension plan administrative expense		(4,556)		(4,617)		(4,007)		(3,677)		(3,252)		(2,970)		(2,781)		(2,324)		(2,126)		(1,736)
6. Other		-		-		73		41,652		1		(138,453)		(137,874)		89,930		(1)		-
7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position		498,710		(25,295)		1,206,168		327,304		346,940		209,349		283,762		224,513		182,137		390,700
8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		4,836,661		4,861,956		3,655,788		3,328,484		2,981,544		2,772,195		2,488,433		2,263,920		2,081,783		1,691,083
9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	5,335,371	\$	4,836,661	\$	4,861,956	\$	3,655,788	\$	3,328,484	\$	2,981,544	\$	2,772,195	\$	2,488,433	\$	2,263,920	\$	2,081,783
C. Net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$</u>	20,840	\$	263,418	\$	(505,470)	\$	411,443	\$	561,281	\$	503,672	\$	629,980	\$	314,781	\$	307,041	\$	80,714
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		00 (10)		04.048/		111 600/		00.000/		95.579/		05.55%		01 400/		00 770/		00.070/		06.05%
total pension liability		99.61%		94.84%		111.60%		89.88%		85.57%		85.55%		81.48%		88.77%		88.06%		96.27%
E. Covered employee payroll	\$	966,272	\$	923,531	\$	926,173	\$	842,899	\$	789,959	\$	742,971	\$	728,754	\$	707,774	\$	710,466	\$	685,201
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		2.16%		28.52%		-54.58%		48.81%		71.05%		67.79%		86.45%		44.47%		43.22%		11.78%

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION PLANS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (MERS) (Unaudited) August 31, 2024

	General Employees Fiscal 2024	Em	eneral ployees cal 2023	Er	General nployees scal 2022	E	General mployees scal 2021	E	General mployees scal 2020	E	General imployees iscal 2019	Е	General mployees scal 2018	E	General mployees scal 2017	E	General Imployees iscal 2016	Et	General mployees scal 2015	En	deneral nployees scal 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 124,707	\$	100,396	\$	145,364	\$	155,227	\$	122,152	\$	100,957	\$	89,082	\$	93,353	\$	99,324	\$	95,203	\$	81,247
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	124,707		100,396		145,364		155,227		122,152		100,957		89,082		93,353		99,324		95,203		81,247
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u> -	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,004,086	\$	966,272	\$	923,531	\$	926,173	\$	842,899	\$	789,959	\$	742,971	\$	728,754	\$	707,774	\$	710,466	\$	685,201
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.429	6	10.39%		15.74%		16.76%		14.49%		12.78%		11.99%		12.81%		14.03%		13.40%		11.86%

Notes:

Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION PLANS (Unaudited) August 31, 2024

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.

Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Changes in Benefit Provisions:

June 30, 2023 Measurement Date

As part of the 2023 Actuarial Experience Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2022 as approved by the System Board on May 17, 2023, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2023 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Decreased individual salary increases and projected payroll growth for most groups. These two items mainly offset each other in calculating contribution requirements, especially as dollar amounts, but create a much lower projected annual growth rate in the dollar amounts of contributions.
- Updated the mortality projection scales to the ultimate rates of the most recently published ones, this had no material impact to the liabilities or contributions.
- Modestly increased turnover rates.
- Slight modifications to the retirement rates.
- Modified slightly the rates of disability.

June 30, 2022 Measurement Date

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation for the net pension liability (asset) of the plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

June 30, 2021 Measurement Date

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation for the net pension liability (asset) of the plan as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2020 measurement date.

June 30, 2020 Measurement Date

As part of the 2020 Actuarial Experience Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2019 as approved by the System Board on May 22, 2020, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2020 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Updated the underlying mortality tables from the RP-2014 set of tables to the public sector-based PUB (10) tables.

- Increased slightly the probabilities of turnover.
- Decreased slightly the probabilities of retirement.

- Modified slightly the probabilities of disability, including adding material incidence of disability for members in the age ranges that historically have been eligible to retire but under prospective provisions are not.

June 30, 2019 Measurement Date

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation for the net pension liability (asset) of the plan as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

June 30, 2018 Measurement Date

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation for the net pension liability (asset) of the plan as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION PLANS (Unaudited) August 31, 2024

June 30, 2017 Measurement Date

As part of the 2017 Actuarial Experience Investigation Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2016 as approved by the System Board on May 15, 2017, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of the net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2017 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Decreased the general inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- Decreased the nominal investment return assumption from 7.50% to 7.00%;
- Decreased the general wage growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%;
- Decreased salary increase assumptions; and

- Updated the post-retirement mortality tables to variants of the RP-2014 table. For the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

June 30, 2016 Measurement Date

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation for the net pension liability (asset) of the plan as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

June 30, 2015 Measurement Date

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 20215 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2014 measurement date.

The June 30, 2015 measurement date determination of the net pension liability for the ERS and MERS plans reflects changes in benefit changes resulting from the settlement of litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions, are summarized below:

- Employees with more than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will increase their employee contribution rates to 11% for state employees and municipal general employees will contribute 8.25% (9.25% for units with a COLA provision) and participate solely in the defined benefit plan going forward service credit accruals will increase from 1% to 2% per year.
- Members are eligible to retire upon the attainment of: age 65 with 30 years of service, 64 with 31 years of service, 63 with 32 years of service, or 62 with 33 years of service. Members may retire earlier if their RIRSA date is earlier or are eligible under a transition rule.
- MERS public safety employees may retire at age 50 with 25 years of service, or any age with 27 years of service. MERS public safety employees will contribute 9.00% (10.00% for units with a COLA provision)
- Employees with more than 10 but less than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will receive an increased employer contribution to the defined contribution plan. Also, members who earn less than \$35,000 per year will not be required to pay the administrative fees to the defined contribution plan.
- Members who retired from a COLA eligible plan before July 1, 2012 will received a one-time cost of living adjustment of 2% of the first \$25,000 paid as soon as administratively possible.
- *Retirees as of June 30, 2015 will receive two \$500 stipends; the interim cost of living increases will occur at 4 year rather than 5 year intervals.*
- The COLA formula was adjusted to: 50% of the COLA is calculated by taking the previous 5-year average investment return, less 5.5% (5yr Return 5.5%, with a max of 4%) and 50% calculated using previous year's CPI-U (max of 3%) for a total max COLA of 3.5%. This COLA is calculated on the first \$25,855, effective 01/01/16, and indexed as of that date as well. (The indexing formula is run annually regardless of funding level each year.)
- Minor adjustments were made to the actuarial reduction for employees choosing to retire early.

HOPKINS HILL FIRE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

									-			
									FY 2024 0	CASH COLLECTIONS SUM	MARY	SEPT - OCT 2024
									SEPT - OCT	NOVEMBER 2023 -	TOTAL	(FY25) CASH
FISCAL		CURRENT		ADDITIONS		AMOUNT	CURRENT		2023 COLLECTIONS	AUGUST 2024	FY 2024	COLLECTIONS
YEAR	BALANCE	YEAR		AND		TO BE	YEAR	BALANCE	SUBJECT TO	COLLECTIONS NOT	CASH	SUBJECT TO
ENDED	September 1, 2023	ASSESSMENT	REFUNDS	ADJUSTMENTS	ABATEMENTS	COLLECTED	COLLECTIONS	August 31, 2024	60-DAY RULE	SUBJEC TO 60-DAY RULE	COLLECTIONS	60-DAY RULE
2024	\$ -	\$ 1,080,356	\$ -	\$ (187)	\$ (4)	\$ 1,080,165	\$ 1,022,871	\$ 57,294	\$ -	\$ 1,022,871	\$ 1,022,871	\$ 21,254
2023	55,859	-	-	1,889	-	57,748	44,362	13,386	18,368	25,994	44,362	9,337
2022	7,577	-	-	841	-	8,418	3,107	5,311	2,396	711	3,107	2,214
2021	4,003	-	-	638	-	4,641	46	4,595	46	-	46	1,854
2020	3,365	-	-	633	-	3,998	21	3,977	21	-	21	1,591
2019	3,452	-	-	535	-	3,987	-	3,987	(18)	18	-	1,591
2018	3,487	-	-	-	-	3,487	-	3,487	-	-	-	1,591
2017	4,505	-	-	52	-	4,557	-	4,557	-	-	-	1,595
2016	3,582	-	-	58	-	3,640	-	3,640	-	-	-	1,595
2015	3,444	-	-	-	-	3,444	-	3,444	-	-	-	1,525
2014	3,293	-	-	-	-	3,293	-	3,293	-	-	-	1,634
2013	3,087	-	-	106	-	3,193	-	3,193	-	-	-	1,805
2012	2,627	-	-	-	-	2,627	-	2,627	-	-	-	1,681
2011	58	-	-	-	-	58	-	58	-	-	-	-
2010	56	-	-	-	-	56	-	56	-	-	-	-
2009	61	-	-	-	-	61	-	61	-	-	-	-
2008	48	-	-			48		48	-	-		-
	98,504	\$ 1,080,356	<u>s</u> -	\$ 4,565	<u>\$ (4)</u>	\$ 1,183,421	\$ 1,070,407	113,014	\$ 20,813	\$ 1,049,594	\$ 1,070,407	\$ 49,267

Less: Allowance

for Uncollectible Taxes

\$

73,104

25,400

17,600 95,414

SCHEDULE OF NET ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUE BY CATEGORY
ASSESSED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (2023 TAX ROLL)

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY	VA	ALUATIONS	 LEVY
Real property	\$	487,728,500	
Exemptions		(4,796,000)	
Net Real Property		482,932,500	\$ 1,042,870
Tangible personal property		19,228,687	 37,486
NET ASSESSED VALUE	\$	502,161,187	\$ 1,080,356

PROPERTY TAX R	EVENUI	E
Current year collections	\$	1,070,407
Revenue collected within 60 days subsequent fiscal year ending		
August 31, 2024		49,267
Less prior year 60 day revenue		
rule collections		(20,813)
CURRENT YEAR PROPERTY		
TAX REVENUE	\$	1,098,861

RECONCILIATION OF CURRENT YEAR

\$ 1,098,861



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Hopkins Hill Fire District Coventry, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hopkins Hill Fire District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hopkins Hill Fire District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hopkins Hill Fire Hill Fire District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exists that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hopkins Hill Fire District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hopkins Hill Fire District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WADDVICK + COMPANY

West Warwick, Rhode Island February 3, 2025